



Key Vocabulary

Continents	A very large area of land that consists of several different countries. They are Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Europe, Antarctica and Australasia.
Oceans	One of the five very large areas of sea on the Earth's surface. They are the Pacific, the Atlantic, the Arctic, the Southern and the Indian oceans.
Northern Hemisphere	The half of the earth between the North Pole and the equator.
Southern Hemisphere	The half of the earth between the South Pole and the equator.
Climate	The long-term weather conditions of an area, determined by latitude and position to oceans and continents.
Equator	An imaginary line around the middle of the Earth, at an equal distance between the North and South Pole.
Physical Features	Anything that is on the earth naturally, including mountains, rivers, trees, etc.
Human Features	These are things that are made or built by humans and do not occur naturally. These include roads, houses and bridges.

How do other children live?

Geographer Knowledge Organiser



Physical features in Europe and Africa.



We will be learning about the different oceans and continents, with a particular focus on comparing two villages in Europe and Africa. We will examine how children live in different parts of the world.



Countries in the Northern Hemisphere include the United Kingdom, France, the United States, China, Russia and Ukraine.



Human features in Africa and Europe.

Countries in the Southern Hemisphere include Australia, Brazil, South Africa, Papua New Guinea and Rwanda.

MAKING LINKS TO PREVIOUS LEARNING

Comparisons between different areas	This year, we have had experience of comparing two different schools in our local area and examining the similarities and differences.
Mapwork	Previous experience of reading and creating maps to find out information about different areas.
Physical features	Experience of comparing the physical features of England and Dubai.
Human features	Experience of comparing the human features of England and Dubai.